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PRECAUTIONS

PRECAUTIONS PFP:00001

Precautions for Supplemental Restraint System (SRS) "AIR BAG" and "SEAT BELT PRE-TENSIONER"

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The Supplemental Restraint System such as "AIR BAG" and "SEAT BELT PRE-TENSIONER", used along with a front seat belt, helps to reduce the risk or severity of injury to the driver and front passenger for certain types of collision. This system includes seat belt switch inputs and dual stage front air bag modules. The SRS system uses the seat belt switches to determine the front air bag deployment, and may only deploy one front air bag, depending on the severity of a collision and whether the front occupants are belted or unbelted. Information necessary to service the system safely is included in the SRS and SB section of this Service Manual.

WARNING:

- To avoid rendering the SRS inoperative, which could increase the risk of personal injury or death in the event of a collision which would result in air bag inflation, all maintenance must be performed by an authorized NISSAN/INFINITI dealer.
- Improper maintenance, including incorrect removal and installation of the SRS, can lead to personal injury caused by unintentional activation of the system. For removal of Spiral Cable and Air Bag Module, see the SRS section.
- Do not use electrical test equipment on any circuit related to the SRS unless instructed to in this Service Manual. SRS wiring harnesses can be identified by yellow and/or orange harnesses or harness connectors.

Precautions for Brake System

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- Recommended fluid is brake fluid "DOT 3".
- Never reuse drained brake fluid.
- Be careful not to splash brake fluid on painted areas.
- To clean or wash all parts of master cylinder, disc brake caliper and wheel cylinder, use clean brake fluid.
- Never use mineral oils such as gasoline or kerosene. They will ruin rubber parts of the hydraulic system.
- Use flare nut wrench when removing and installing brake tube.
- When installing brake piping, be sure to check torque.
- Before working, turn the ignition switch OFF and disconnect the connectors for the VDC actuator or the battery negative terminal.
- Burnish the brake contact surfaces after refinishing or replacing drums or rotors, after replacing pads or linings, or if a soft pedal occurs at very low mileage. Refer to <u>BR-28</u>, "<u>Brake Burnishing</u> <u>Procedure</u>" in "Front Disc Brake" and <u>BR-34</u>, "<u>Brake Burnishing</u> <u>Procedure</u>" in "Rear Disc Brake".

Commercial service tool

WARNING.

Clean brake pads and shoes with a waste cloth, then wipe with a dust collector.

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PREPARATION

PREPARATION PFP:00002

Commercial Service Tools

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Tool name		Description
1.Flare nut crowfoot a:10 mm (0.39 in)/12 mm (0.47 in) 2.Torque wrench	3 2 3-NT360	Removing and installing each brake piping

NOISE, VIBRATION AND HARSHNESS (NVH) TROUBLESHOOTING

NOISE, VIBRATION AND HARSHNESS (NVH) TROUBLESHOOTING NVH Troubleshooting Chart

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Use the chart below to help you find the cause of the symptom. If necessary, repair or replace these parts.

Reference page		BR-23, BR-29	BR-23, BR-29	BR-23, BR-29	I	1	BR-28, BR-34	I	I	I	BR-28, BR-34	I	NVH in PR section	NHV in RFD section	NVH in FAX, RAX and FSU, RSU section	NVH in WT section	NVH in WT section	NVH in RAX section	NVH in PS section		
Possible cause and SUSPECTED PARTS		Pads - damaged	Pads - uneven wear	Shims damaged	Rotor imbalance	Rotor damage	Rotor runout	Rotor deformation	Rotor deflection	Rotor rust	Rotor thickness variation	Drum out of round	PROPELLER SHAFT	DIFFERENTIAL	AXLE AND SUSPENSION	TIRES	ROAD WHEEL	DRIVE SHAFT	STEERING		
		Noise	×	×	×									×	×	×	×	×	×	×	
Symptom	BRAKE	Shake				×								×		×	×	×	×	×	
		Shimmy, Judder				×	×	×	×	×	×	×				×	×	×		×	

X: Applicable

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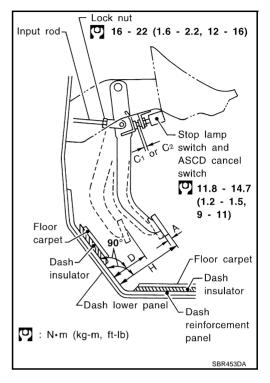
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BRAKE PEDAL PFP:46501

Inspection and Adjustment PLAY AND CLEARANCE BETWEEN THE BRAKE PEDAL AND FLOOR PANEL WITH PEDAL DEPRESSED

- 1. Check the brake pedal free height from the dash lower panel.
- 2. Adjust the height referring to the following specifications.



Н	: Brake pedal height (from dash lower panel top surface)	174 - 184 mm (6.85 - 7.24 in)					
D	: Depressed pedal height [under a force of 490 N (50 kg, 110 lb) with the engine running]	90 mm (3.54 in) or more					
C ₁ or C ₂	: Clearance between the stopper rubber and the threaded end of the stop lamp switch and brake switch (or ASCD cancel switch)	0.74 - 1.96 mm (0.0291 - 0.0772 in)					
Α	: Pedal play	3 - 11 mm (0.12 - 0.43 in)					

ADJUSTMENT

- 1. Loosen the stop lamp switch and brake switch (or ASCD cancel switch) by rotating it counterclockwise by 45°.
- 2. Loosen the lock nut (A) on the input rod, then rotate the input rod to set the pedal to the specified height, and tighten the lock nut (A).

CAUTION:

Check that the threaded end of the input rod stays inside the clevis.

Lock nut (A):

: 16 - 22 N·m (1.7 - 2.1 kg-m, 12 - 15 in-lb)

- 3. With the pedal pulled and held by hand, press the stop lamp switch and brake switch (or ASCD cancel switch) with their threaded end contacts the stopper rubber.
- With the threaded end of the stop lamp switch contacting the stopper rubber brake switch (or ASCD cancel switch), rotate the switch clockwise by 45° to secure.

Make sure that the clearance (C) between the stopper rubber and threaded end of the stop lamp switch and brake switch (or ASCD cancel switch) is within the standard.

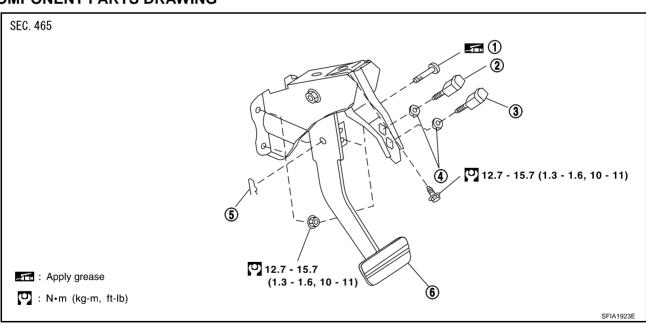
5. Check the pedal play.

CAUTION:

Make sure that the stop lamps go off when the pedal is released.

Start the engine to check the brake pedal's depressed height.

Removal and Installation **COMPONENT PARTS DRAWING**

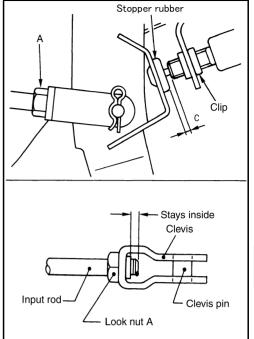


1. Clevis pin

4. Clip

- 2. Stop lamp switch
- 5. Snap pin

- ASCD cancel switch
- Brake switch (Models with ICC)
- Brake pedal



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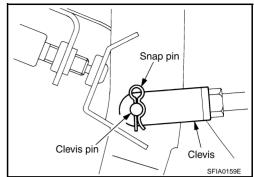
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BRAKE PEDAL

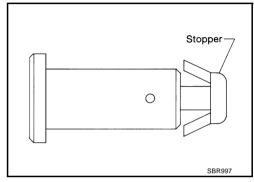
REMOVAL

- 1. Remove the instrument driver lower panel. Refer to <u>IP-10</u>, "INSTRUMENT PANEL ASSEMBLY"
- 2. Remove the stop lamp switch and brake switch (or ASCD cancel switch) from the pedal assembly.
- 3. Remove the snap pin and clevis pin from the brake booster clevis.
- 4. Remove the mounting nuts and bolts from the bracket, and remove the pedal assembly from the vehicle.



INSPECTION AFTER REMOVAL

- Check the brake pedal for bend, damage, and cracks on the welded parts. Replace the applicable part if a malfunction is detected.
- Check the clevis pin and resin stopper for damage and deformation. If a malfunction is detected, replace the clevis pin.



INSTALLATION

Paying attention to the following items, install in the reverse order of removal.

After installing the brake pedal assembly to the vehicle, adjust the brake pedal.

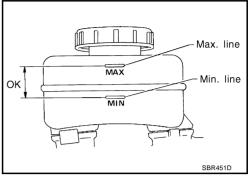
BRAKE FLUID PFP:KN100

Checking Brake Fluid Level

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- Check that the fluid level in the reservoir tank is within the standard (between MAX and MIN lines).
- Visually check around the reservoir tank for fluid leaks.
- If fluid level is excessively low, check brake system for leaks.
- If warning lamp remains illuminated after parking lever is released, check brake system for fluid leakage.

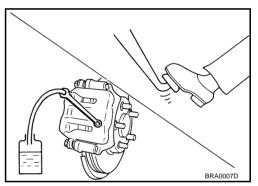


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Drain and Refill

CAUTION:

- Refill with new brake fluid "DOT 3".
- Never reuse drained brake fluid.
- Do not let brake fluid come in contact with painted surfaces on the body. This might damage the
 paint, so if it does come in contact, immediately wipe area and wash off with water.
- 1. Connect a vinyl tube to bleed valve.
- 2. Depress the brake pedal, loosen the bleed valve, and gradually remove the brake fluid.



- 3. Make sure there is no foreign material in the reservoir tank, and refill with new brake fluid.
- 4. Rest foot on brake pedal. Loosen the bleed valve. Slowly depress pedal until it stops. Tighten the bleed valve. Release brake pedal. Repeat this process a few times, then pause to add new brake fluid to master cylinder. Continue until new brake fluid flows out. Bleed Air. Refer to <u>BR-9</u>, "<u>Bleeding Brake System</u>"

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Bleeding Brake System

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CAUTION:

While bleeding, pay attention to master cylinder fluid level.

- 1. Turn the ignition switch to the OFF position.
- 2. Connect a vinyl tube to the rear right bleed valve.
- 3. Fully depress brake pedal 4 to 5 times.
- 4. With the brake pedal depressed, loosen the bleed valve to let the air out, and then tighten it immediately.
- 5. Repeat steps 3, 4 until no more air comes out.
- 6. Tighten the bleed valve to the specified torque. Refer to <u>BR-23</u>, "Components (CLZ31VA Type)", <u>BR-29</u>, "Component (AD14VD Type)".

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BRAKE FLUID

7.	In steps 2 to 6 below, with the master cylinder reservoir tank filled at least half way, bleed air from the front left, rear left, and front right tires, in that order.

BRAKE PIPING AND HOSE

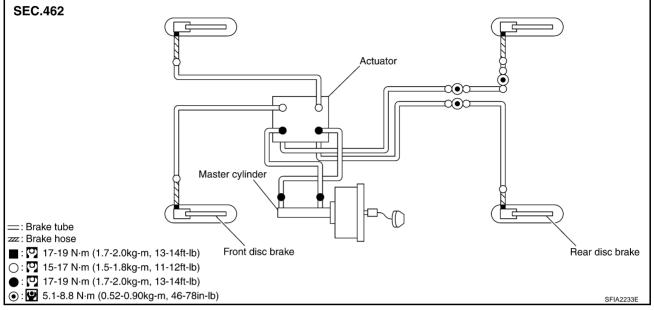
BRAKE PIPING AND HOSE

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Hydraulic Circuit

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CAUTION:

- When installing, check for twist and fracture.
- Make sure that there is no interference with other parts when turning the steering clockwise or counterclockwise.
- The brake piping is an important safety part. If a brake fluid leak is detected, always disassemble the parts. Replace the applicable part with a new one.

Front Brake Piping and Hose REMOVAL

- 1. Connect a vinyl tube to the bleed valve.
- Drain brake fluid gradually from the bleed valve of each wheel while depressing the brake pedal. Refer to <u>BR-9</u>, "<u>Drain and</u> Refill".
- 3. Cover the brake line connection to prevent foreign material such as dust or dirt from entering into the connection.
- 4. Using a flare nut wrench, remove the brake tube from the brake hose. Remove the union bolt, and remove the brake hose from the caliper assembly.
- 5. Remove the lock plate.
- Remove the mounting nuts, and remove the brake hose from the vehicle.

20-23 (2.0-2.4, 15-17) 17-19 N·m (kg-m, ft-lb) (1.7-2.0, 13-14) 3 Always replace after every disassembly. SFIA2234E

INSTALLATION

 Install the brake hose by aligning with the protrusion on the caliper assembly, and tighten the union bolts to the specified torque.

CAUTION:

- Do not reuse the copper washer.
- 2. Install the brake hose to the brake tube on the vehicle, and temporarily tighten the flare nut by hand until it stops to install the bracket. Fix it with the lock plate, and tighten it to the specified torque.
- 3. Install the brake hose to the vehicle, and tighten the mounting nuts to the specified torque.
- 4. After the work, bleed air. Refer to BR-9, "Bleeding Brake System".

Revision: 2004 October BR-11 2004 M45

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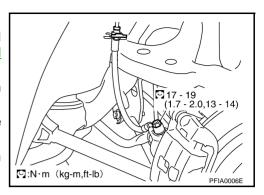
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BRAKE PIPING AND HOSE

Rear Brake Piping and Hose REMOVAL

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- 1. Connect a vinyl tube to the bleed valve.
- Drain brake fluid gradually from the bleed valve of each wheel while depressing the brake pedal. Refer to <u>BR-9</u>, "<u>Drain and</u> Refill"
- 3. Cover the brake line connection to prevent foreign material such as dust or dirt from entering into the connection.
- Using a flare nut wrench, remove the brake tube from the brake hose.
- 5. Remove the union bolts, and then remove the brake hose from the caliper assembly.
- 6. Remove the brake hose from the vehicle.



INSTALLATION

1. Install the brake hose by aligning with the protrusion on the caliper assembly, and tighten the union bolts to the specified torque.

CAUTION:

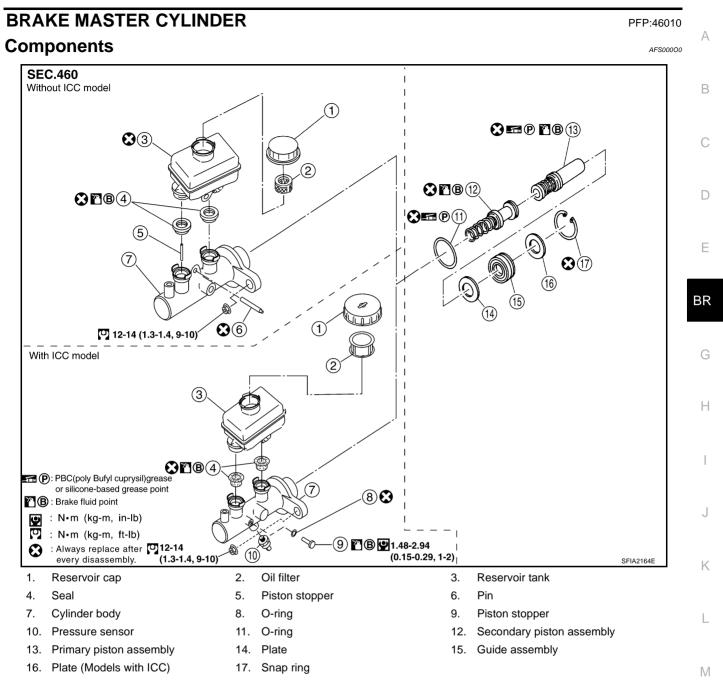
- Do not reuse the copper washer.
- Refill with new brake fluid "DOT 3".
- Never reuse drained brake fluid.
- 2. Fix the brake hose to the vehicle. Temporarily tighten the flare nut by hand until it stops, and tighten it to the specified torque.
- 3. After the work, bleed air. Refer to BR-9, "Bleeding Brake System".

Inspection

CAUTION:

If leak is detected at the connections, retighten it or replace the damaged part if necessary.

- 1. Check the hose, tube, and connections for fluid leaks, damage, twist, deformation, contact with other parts, and loose connections.
- 2. While depressing the pedal under the force of 785 N (80 kg, 177 lb) with the engine running for approximately 5 seconds, check for fluid leak from each part.



Removal and Installation REMOVAL

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- 1. Drain brake fluid. Refer to BR-9, "Drain and Refill".
- 2. Remove the harness connectors for the fluid level sensor and pressure sensor (with ICC models).
- 3. Using a flare nut wrench, remove the brake tube from the master cylinder.
- 4. Remove the mounting nuts, and remove the master cylinder assembly from the vehicle.

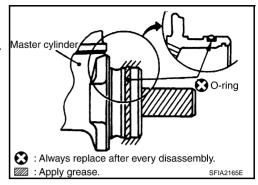
INSTALLATION

CAUTION:

- Refill with new brake fluid "DOT3".
- Never reuse drained brake fluid.
- 1. Temporarily tighten the flare nuts on the brake tube to master cylinder by hand.
- Install the master cylinder to the brake booster assembly, and tighten the mounting nuts to the specified torque.

CAUTION:

- Do not damage and stain the rod of the primary piston.
- Do not reuse the O-ring seal, and primary piston.
- Apply silicon grease for the O-ring seal and primary piston.



3. Using a flare nut torque wrench, tighten the flare nut on the brake tube to the specified torque.

(1.5 - 1.8 kg-m, 11 - 12 ft-lb)

4. Refill the new brake fluid and bleed air. Refer to BR-9, "Bleeding Brake System".

Disassembly and Assembly DISASSEMBLY

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Models without ICC

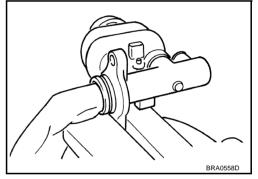
CAUTION:

Be careful not to damage the primary piston rod. Covering with cloth is recommended.

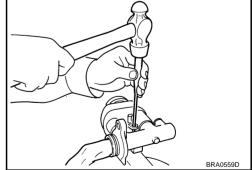
1. Tighten the flange of the cylinder body in the vise as shown in the figure.

CAUTION:

- Pay attention to the orientation of master cylinder body.
- Use a copper plate or cloth for fixing the body in the vise.



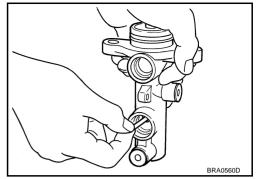
- 2. Using the pin-punch [commercial service tool: approx. 4 mm (0.16 in) dia.], remove pin from the reservoir tank.
- 3. Remove the master cylinder assembly from the vise.
- 4. Remove the reservoir tank and grommet from the cylinder body.



5. Push the primary piston and remove the stopper pin from secondary tank boss hole in the cylinder body.

CAUTION:

Be careful not to damage the inner wall of the cylinder.



6. Remove the snap ring in pushing primary piston.

CAUTION:

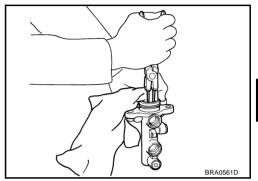
Be careful not to put out the piston.

- Holding the rod of the primary piston, remove the primary piston assembly, the plate and the guide assembly with pulling straight to prevent the cup from being caught by the inner wall of the cylinder.
- 8. Remove the plate and the guide from the primary piston.

CAUTION:

Be careful not to damage the rod from the inner wall of the plate.

Tap flange using a soft block such as wood, and carefully pull the secondary piston assembly straight out to prevent cylinder inner wall from being damaged.





Models with ICC

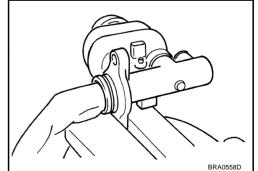
CAUTION:

Be careful not to damage the primary piston rod. Covering with cloth is recommended.

1. Tighten the flange of the cylinder body in the vise as shown in the figure.

CAUTION:

- Pay attention to the orientation of master cylinder body.
- Use the copper plate or cloth for fixing the body in the vise.



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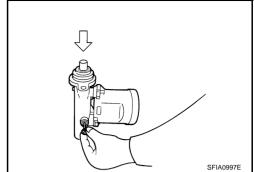
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2. Push the primary piston and remove the piston stopper from cylinder body.

CAUTION:

Be careful not to damage the inner wall of the cylinder.



3. Remove the snap ring in pushing primary piston.

CAUTION:

Be careful not to put out the piston.

- Holding the rod of the primary piston, remove the primary piston assembly, the plate and the guide assembly with pulling straight to prevent the cup from being caught by the inner wall of the cylinder.
- 5. Remove the plate and the guide from the primary piston.

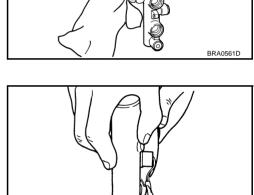
CAUTION:

Be careful not to damage the rod from the inner wall of the plate.

- 6. Tap the flange using a soft block such as wood, and carefully pull the secondary piston assembly straight out to prevent the inner wall of the cylinder from being damaged.
- 7. Remove the reservoir tank.

CAUTION:

Remove the reservoir tank only when necessary.



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INSPECTION AFTER DISASSEMBLY Master Cylinder

• Check the inner wall of the cylinder for damage, wear, corrosion, and pin holes. Replace the cylinder if a malfunction is detected.

ASSEMBLY

CAUTION:

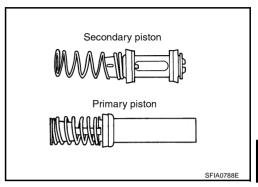
- Never use mineral oils such as kerosene or gasoline during the cleaning and assembly processes.
- Make sure that there is no foreign material such as dirt and dust on the inner wall of the cylinder, piston, and cup seal. Be careful not to damage the parts with a service tool when assembling.
- Do not drop the parts. Do not use any dropped parts.

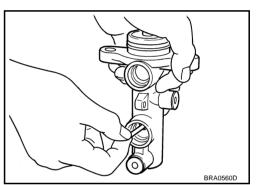
Models without ICC

- 1. Apply brake fluid to the inner wall of cylinder body and contact surface of the piston assembly.
- 2. Insert secondary piston and primary piston assembly into cylinder body in this order.

CAUTION:

- Do not reuse primary and secondary piston.
- Pay attention to the orientation of the piston cup, and insert straight to prevent the cup from being caught by the inner wall of the cylinder.
- Always replace the inner kit as an assembly.
- Align the slit in the center of the piston with the axial direction of the valve stopper to assemble. Visually check the secondary piston slit from the valve stopper mounting hole, and install the valve stopper.

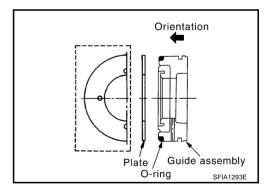




4. Insert the plate and the guide assembly into the cylinder body.

CAUTION:

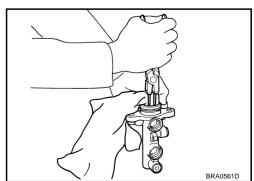
- Be careful not to damage the rod of the primary piston.
- Pay attention to the orientation of the guide assembly.
- Do not drop the O-ring.



 Be careful not to damage the rod of the primary piston covering it with it cloth. Then insert snap ring into cylinder by pushing primary piston.

CAUTION:

- Be careful to check the snap ring in the inner tip of the cylinder body.
- Do not reuse the snap ring.



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6. Tighten the flange of the cylinder body in the vise as shown in the figure.

CAUTION:

- Use a copper plate or cloth to cover the flange for fixing base.
- Pay attention to the orientation of the cylinder body.
- 7. Apply brake fluid to a grommet, and press it into the master cylinder to install.

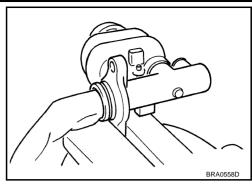
CAUTION:

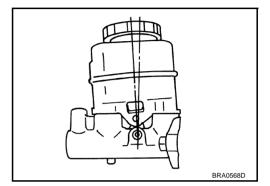
Do not reuse the grommet.

8. Install the reservoir tank to the master cylinder.

CAUTION:

Pay attention to the orientation of the reservoir tank.

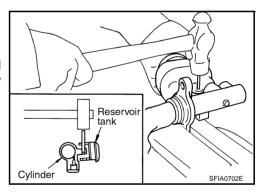




9. Set the reservoir tank in the front direction to the cylinder body. Press a new reservoir tank in the cylinder body.

CAUTION:

 Pay attention to the orientation of the piston cup, and insert straight to prevent the cup from being caught by the inner wall of the cylinder.

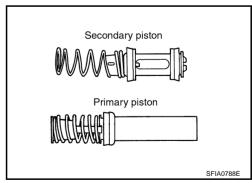


Models with ICC

- Apply brake fluid to the inner wall of cylinder body and contact surface of the piston assembly.
- 2. Insert secondary piston and primary piston assembly into cylinder body in this order.

CAUTION:

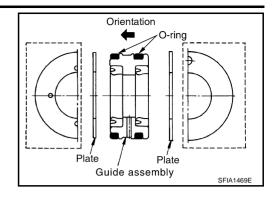
- Do not reuse primary and secondary piston.
- Pay attention to the orientation of the piston cup, and insert straight to prevent the cup from being caught by the inner wall of the cylinder.
- Always replace the inner kit as an assembly.



3. Insert the plate and the guide assembly into the cylinder body.

CAUTION:

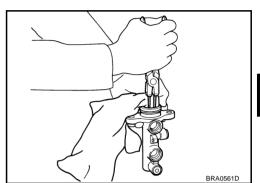
- Be careful not to damage the rod of the primary piston.
- Pay attention to the orientation of the guide assembly.
- Do not drop the O-ring.



 Be careful not to damage the rod of the primary piston covering it with cloth. Then insert snap ring into cylinder with pushing primary piston.

CAUTION:

- Be careful to check the snap ring in the inner tip of the cylinder body.
- Do not reuse the snap ring.



5. Align the slit in the center of the piston with the axial direction of the valve stopper to assemble. Visually check the secondary piston slit from the valve stopper mounting hole, and install the valve stopper.

CAUTION:

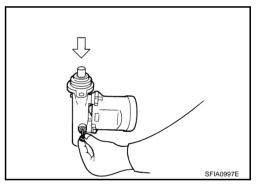
Always replace the O-ring of piston pin with new one in the repair kit.

6. Apply brake fluid to a grommet, and press it into the master cylinder to install.

CAUTION:

Do not reuse the grommet.

7. Press a new reservoir tank in the cylinder body.



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BRAKE BOOSTER PFP:47200

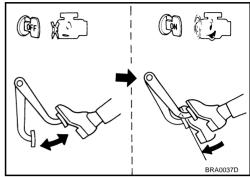
On-Vehicle Service OPERATING CHECK

AFS000K7

With the engine stopped, change the vacuum to the atmospheric pressure by depressing the brake pedal several times. Then with brake pedal fully depressed, start the engine and when the vacuum pressure reaches the standard, check that the clearance between the brake pedal and floor panel decreases.

CAUTION-

Depressing pedal interval is approximately 5 seconds.

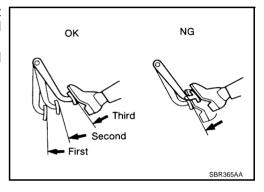


AIRTIGHT CHECK

 Run the engine at idle for approximately 1 minute, and stop it after applying vacuum to the booster. Depress the brake pedal normally to change the vacuum to the atmospheric pressure. Check that distance between the brake pedal and floor panel gradually increases.

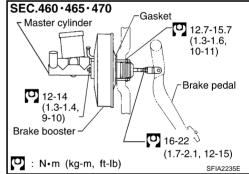
CAUTION:

Depressing pedal interval is approximately 5 seconds.



Removal and Installation REMOVAL

AFS000K8



CAUTION:

- Be careful not to splash brake fluid on painted areas; it may cause paint damage. If brake fluid is splashed on painted areas, wash it away with water immediately.
- Be careful not to deform or bend brake pipes, during removal of booster.
- 1. Remove the vacuum hose from the brake booster.
- 2. Remove the master cylinder. Refer to BR-13, "Removal and Installation".
- 3. Remove the snap pin and clevis pin on the clevis in the passenger compartment, and remove the input rod from the brake pedal.
- 4. Remove the mounting nuts on the pedal bracket.
- 5. Remove the booster assembly from the engine room.

BRAKE BOOSTER

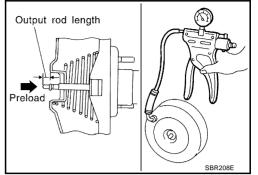
INSPECTION AFTER REMOVAL

Output Rod Length Inspection

- 1. Using a handy vacuum pump, apply a vacuuming of -66.7 kPa (-500 mmHg,19.69 inHg) to the brake booster.
- 2. Check output rod length.

Standard dimension when vacuum -66.7 kPa (-500 mmHg, -19.69 inHg):

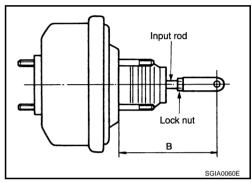
With VDC: -6.2 mm (-0.24 in) With ACC: 10.4 mm (0.409 in)



INSTALLATION

1. Loosen the lock nut to adjust the input rod length so that the length "B" (in the figure) satisfies the specified value.

- After adjusting "B", temporarily tighten the lock nut to install the booster assembly to the vehicle. At this time, make sure to install a gasket between the booster assembly and the vehicle.
- 3. Connect the brake pedal with the clevis of the input rod.
- 4. Install the pedal bracket mounting nuts and tighten them to the specified torque.
- 5. Install the master cylinder to the booster assembly. Refer to <u>BR-13</u>, "Removal and Installation".
- 6. Adjust the height and play of the brake pedal.
- 7. Tighten the lock nut of the input rod to the specified torque.
- 8. Bleed air. Refer to BR-9, "Bleeding Brake System".



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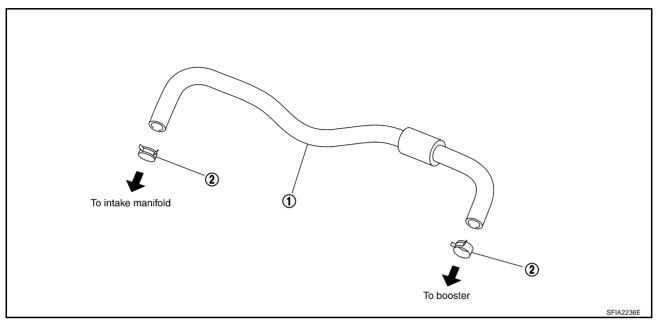
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VACUUM LINES PFP:41920

Removal and Installation

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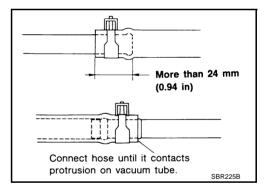


1. Vacuum hose

2. Clamp

CAUTION:

- Because vacuum hose contains a check valve, it must be installed in the correct direction. Refer to the stamp or label to confirm correct installation. The brake booster will not operate normally if hose is installed in the wrong direction.
- Insert vacuum hose for at least 24 mm (0.94 in).
- Do not use lubricating oil during assembly.



Inspection VISUAL INSPECTION

AFS0029R

Check for improper assembly, damage and deterioration.

CHECK VALVE INSPECTION Airtightness Inspection

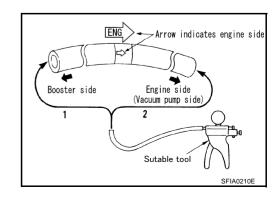
Use a handy vacuum pump to check.

When connected to booster side (1):

Vacuum decrease should be within 1.3 kPa (10 mmHg, 0.39 inHg) for 15 seconds under a vacuum of – 66.7 kPa (– 500 mmHg, – 19.69 inHg)

When connected to engine side (2):

No vacuum will be applied



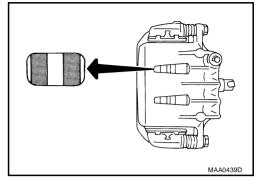
Revision: 2004 October BR-22 2004 M45

FRONT DISC BRAKE

On-Board Inspection PAD WEAR INSPECTION

Remove the wheel with the vehicle lifted to check the pad thickness from the check hole on the cylinder body. If necessary, use a scale to check.

> Standard thickness : 10.0 mm (0.394 in) Repair limit thickness : 2.0 mm (0.079 in)

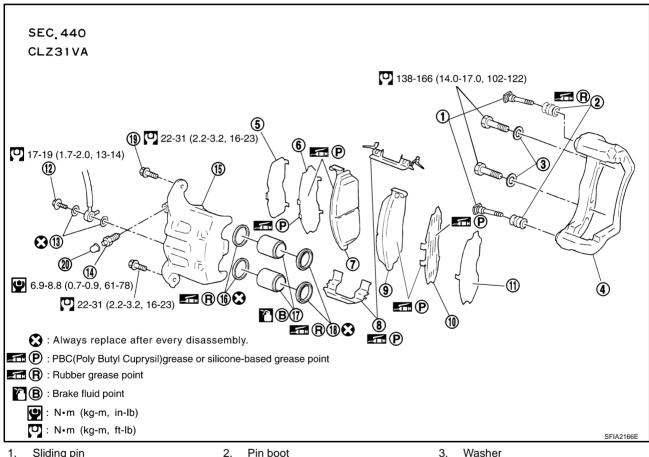


Components (CLZ31VA Type)

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PFP:41000

AFS000KA



١.	Siluling pin
4.	Torque men

nber

Inner pad

10. Outer shim

13. Copper washer

16. Piston seal

19. Sliding pin bolt

- 2. Pin hoot
- 5. Inner shim cover
- Pad retainer

11. Outer shim cover

14. Bleed valve

17. Piston 20. Cap

12. Union bolt

6.

15. Cylinder body

Inner shim

Outer pad

18. Piston boot

CAUTION:

- Clean dust on the caliper and brake pad with a vacuum dust collector. Do not blow with compressed air.
- While removing the cylinder body, never depress the brake pedal because the piston will pop out.

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- It is not necessary to remove the mounting bolts on the torque member and brake hose except for disassembly or replacement of the caliper assembly. In this case, hang the cylinder body with a wire so that the brake hose is not under tension.
- Do not damage the piston boot.
- Always replace the shims and shim covers as a set when replacing the brake pads.
- Keep the rotor clean away from brake fluid.

Pad Replacement REMOVAL

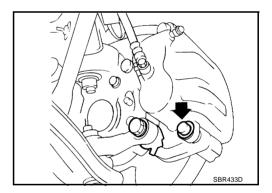
AFS000KB

WARNING:

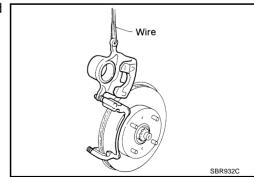
Clean brake pads with a vacuum dust collector to minimize the hazard of airborne particles or other materials.

CAUTION:

- When cylinder body is open, do not depress brake pedal because the piston will pop out.
- Be careful not to damage piston boot or get oil on rotor. Always replace shims when replacing pads.
- If shims are rusted or show peeling of rubber coat, replace them with new shims.
- It is not necessary to remove connecting bolt except for disassembly or replacement of caliper assembly. In this case, suspend cylinder body with wire so as not to stretch brake hose.
- Carefully monitor brake fluid level because brake fluid will return to reservoir when pushing back piston.
- Burnish the brake contact surfaces after refinishing or replacing drums or rotors, after replacing pads or linings, or if a soft pedal occurs at very low mileage. Refer to <u>BR-28, "Brake Burnishing</u> <u>Procedure"</u>.
- 1. Remove tire from vehicle.
- 2. Remove master cylinder reservoir cap.
- 3. Remove the lower sliding pin bolt.

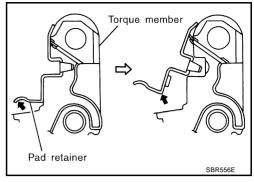


4. Hang the cylinder body with a wire, and remove the pads, pad retainers, shims and shim cover from the torque member.



CAUTION:

- When removing the pad retainer from the torque member, lift the pad retainer in the direction shown by the arrow (shown in the figure) so as not to deform it.
- Do not damage the piston boot.
- Keep the rotor clean away from brake fluid.



Pad wear sensor

Pad return léver

INSTALLATION

- 1. Apply grease to the back of the pad and both sides of the shim, install the inner shim cover and inner shim to the inner pad, and the outer shim and outer shim cover to the outer pad.
- 2. Apply grease to the pad contact surface on the pad retainer, and install the pad retainers and pads to the torque member.

CAUTION:

The CLZ31VA inner pad and outer pad have the pad-return mechanism on the upper side of the pad retainer. When installing the CLZ31VA pad to the torque member, be sure to install the pad return lever to the pad wear sensor securely.

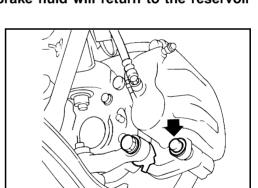
3. Install the cylinder body to the torque member.

CAUTION:

When replacing the pads with new ones, press in the piston until the pads can be installed. In this case, carefully moni-

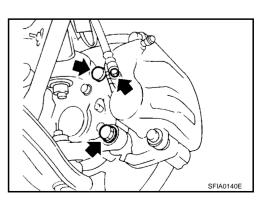
tor the brake fluid level in the reservoir tank because the brake fluid will return to the reservoir tank of the master cylinder.

- 4. Install the lower sliding pin bolt, and tighten it to the specified torque.
- Check the brake for drag.
- 6. Attach the tire to the vehicle.



Removal and Installation of Caliper Assembly **REMOVAL**

- 1. Remove tire from vehicle.
- 2. Connect a vinyl tube to the bleed valve.
- Drain brake fluid gradually from the bleed valve while depressing the brake pedal.
- 4. Remove the union bolts, and then remove the brake hose from the caliper assembly.
- Remove the mounting bolts from the torque member, and remove the caliper assembly from the vehicle.
- 6. Remove the disc rotor.



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INSTALLATION

- Install the disc rotor.
- 2. Install the caliper assembly to the vehicle, and tighten the mounting bolts to the specified torque.

CAUTION:

Before installing the caliper assembly to the vehicle, wipe oil and grease on the washer seats on the knuckle spindle and mounting surface of the torque member.

3. Install the brake hose by aligning with the protrusions on the caliper assembly, and tighten the union bolts to the specified torque.

CAUTION:

- Do not reuse the copper washer for union bolts.
- Assemble the brake hose securely to the protrusions on caliper assembly.
- 4. Refill with new brake fluid and bleed air. Refer to BR-9, "Bleeding Brake System".

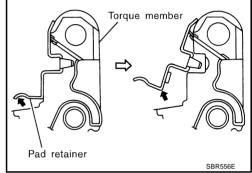
Disassembly and Assembly of Caliper Assembly DISASSEMBLY

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 Remove the sliding pin bolts from the cylinder body, and remove the pads, shims, shim covers and pad retainers from the torque member.

CAUTION:

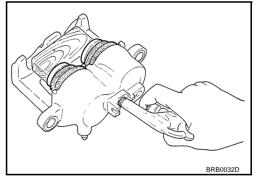
When removing the pad retainer from the torque member, lift the pad retainer in the direction shown by the arrow (shown in the figure) so as not to deform it.



- Remove the sliding pins and sliding pin boots from the torque member.
- 3. Place a wooden block as shown in the figure, and blow air from the union bolt mounting hole to remove the pistons and piston boots.

CAUTION:

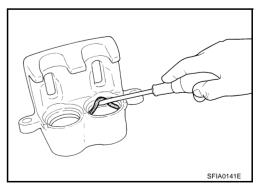
Do not get fingers caught in the piston.



4. Using a flat-bladed screwdriver, remove the piston seals from the cylinder body.

CAUTION:

Be careful not to damage the inner wall of the cylinder.



CALIPER INSPECTION

Cylinder Body

CAUTION:

Use new brake fluid to clean. Never use mineral oils such as gasoline or kerosene.

 Check the inner wall of the cylinder for corrosion, wear, and damage. If a malfunction is detected, replace the cylinder body.

 Minor flaws caused by corrosion or a foreign material can be removed by polishing the surface with a fine sandpaper. Replace the cylinder body, if necessary.

Torque Member

Check for wear, cracks, and damage. If a malfunction is detected, replace the applicable part.

Piston

CAUTION:

The piston sliding surface is plated. Do not polish with sandpaper.

Check the piston surface for corrosion, wear, and damage. If a malfunction is detected, replace the applicable part.

Sliding Pin, Pin Bolt, and Pin Boot

Check the sliding pin and sliding pin boot for wear, damage, and cracks. If a malfunction is detected, replace the applicable part.

the applicable part.

ASSEMBLY

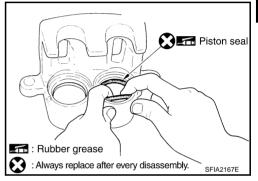
CAUTION:

Do not use Nissan Rubber Grease (KRE00 00010, KRE00 00010 01) when assembling.

1. Apply rubber grease to the piston seals, and install them to the cylinder body.

CAUTION:

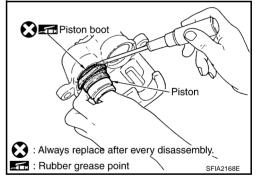
Do not reuse the piston seals.



2. Apply brake fluid to the piston boots. Cover the piston end with the piston boot, and install the cylinder-side lip on the piston boot properly into the groove on the cylinder body.

CAUTION:

Do not reuse the piston boot.

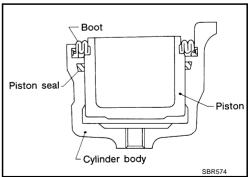


3. Apply brake fluid to the piston, and press the piston into the cylinder body by hand to assemble the piston-side lip on the piston boot properly into the groove on the piston.

CAUTION:

Press the piston evenly and change the pressing point to prevent the inner wall of the cylinder from being rubbed.

 Install the sliding pins and sliding pin boots to the torque member.



5. Apply grease to the back of the pad and both sides of the shim, install the inner shim to the inner pad, and the outer shim and outer shim cover to the outer pad.

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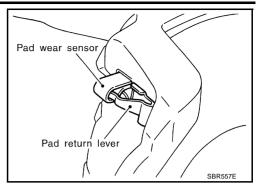
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Apply grease to the pad contact surface on the pad retainer, and install the pad retainers and pads to the torque member.

CAUTION:

The inner pad and outer pad have the pad-return mechanism on the upper side of the pad retainer. When installing the CLZ31VA pad to the torque member, be sure to install the pad return lever to the pad wear sensor securely.

7. Install the cylinder body, and tighten the sliding pin bolt to the specified torque.



DISC ROTOR INSPECTION

Visual Inspection

Check the surface of the disc rotor for uneven wear, cracks, and serious damage. If a malfunction is detected, replace the applicable part.

Runout Inspection

- 1. Using wheel nuts, fix the disc rotor to the wheels hub. (2 or more positions)
- 2. Using a dial indicator, check the runout.

Measurement point:

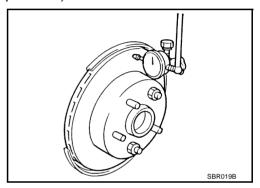
At a point 10 mm (0.394 in) from the outer edge of the disc

Maximum runout : 0.07 mm (0.0028 in) or less

CALITION

Before measuring, make sure that the axle end play is 0 mm (0 in).

3. If the runout is outside the limit, find the minimum runout point by shifting the mounting positions of the disc rotor and wheel hub by one hole.



Thickness Inspection

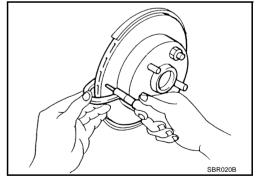
1. Using a micrometer, check the thickness of the disc rotor. If the thickness is outside the standard, replace the disc rotor.

Standard thickness : 28.0 mm (1.10 in)
Wear limit : 26.0 mm (1.02 in)

Maximum uneven wear (measured at 8 positions):

0.015 mm (0,0006 in) or less

2. If the runout is still out of specification, turn rotor with on-car brake lathe ("MAD, DL-8700", "AMMCO 700 and 705" or equivalent).



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Brake Burnishing Procedure

Burnish the brake contact surfaces according to the following procedure after refinishing or replacing drums or rotors, after replacing pads or linings, or if a soft pedal occurs at very low mileage.

CAUTION:

Only perform this procedure under safe road and traffic conditions. Use extreme caution.

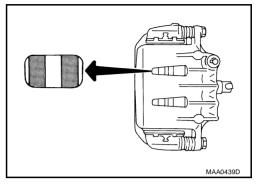
- 1. Drive the vehicle on a straight smooth road at 50 km/h (31 MPH).
- 2. Use medium brake pedal/foot effort to bring the vehicle to a complete stop from 50 km/h (31 MPH). Adjust brake pedal/foot pressure such that vehicle stopping time equals 3 to 5 seconds.
- 3. To cool the brake system, drive the vehicle at 50 km/h (31 MPH) for 1 minute without stopping.
- 4. Repeat steps 1 to 3, 10 times or more to complete the burnishing procedure.

REAR DISC BRAKE

On-Board Inspection PAD WEAR INSPECTION

Remove the wheel with the vehicle lifted to check the pad thickness from the check hole on the cylinder body. If necessary, use a scale to check.

> Standard thickness : 9.8 mm (0.386 in) : 2.0 mm (0.079 in) Repair limit thickness

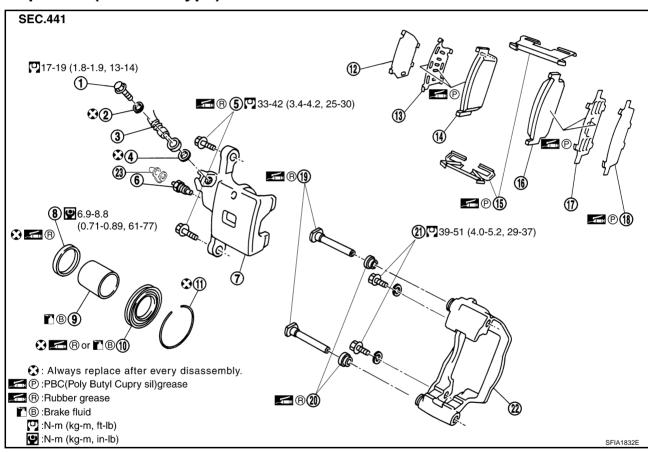


Component (AD14VD Type)

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PFP:44000

AFS000KI



- 1. Union bolt
- 4. Copper washer
- Cylinder body 7.
- 10. Piston boot
- 13. Inner shim
- 16. Outer brake pad
- Sliding pin
- 22. Torque member

Revision: 2004 October

- 2. Copper washer
- 5. Sliding pin bolt
- 8. Piston seal
- 11. Retaining ring
- 14. Inner brake pad
- 17. Outer shim
- 20. Sliding pin boot
- 23. Cap

- Brake hose 3.
- 6. Bleed valve
- Piston 9.
- 12. Inner shim cover
- 15. Pad retainer
- 18. Outer shim cover
- 21. Torque member mounting bolts

CAUTION:

- Clean dust on the caliper and brake pad with a vacuum dust collector. Do not blow with com-
- While removing the cylinder body, never depress the brake pedal because the piston will pop out.

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- It is not necessary to remove the mounting bolts on the torque member and brake hose except for disassembly or replacement of the caliper assembly. In this case, hang the cylinder body with a wire so that the brake hose is not under tension.
- Do not damage the piston boot.
- Always replace the shims and shim covers as a set when replacing the brake pads.
- Keep the rotor clean away from brake fluid.

Pad Replacement REMOVAL

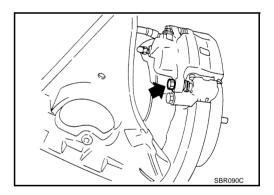
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WARNING:

Clean brake pads with a vacuum dust collector to minimize the hazard of airborne particles or other materials.

CAUTION:

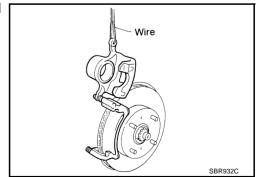
- While cylinder body is open, do not depress brake pedal, otherwise piston will pop out.
- Be careful not to damage piston boot or get oil on rotor. Always replace shims when replacing pads.
- If shims are rusted or show peeling of rubber coat, replace them with new shims.
- It is not necessary to remove connecting bolt except for disassembly or replacement of caliper assembly. In this case, suspend cylinder body with wire so as not to stretch brake hose.
- Carefully monitor brake fluid level because brake fluid will return to reservoir when pushing back piston.
- Burnish the brake contact surfaces after refinishing or replacing drums or rotor, after replacing pads or linings, or if a soft pedal occurs at very low mileage. Refer to <u>BR-34, "Brake Burnishing</u> <u>Procedure"</u>.
- 1. Remove tire from vehicle.
- 2. Remove master cylinder reservoir cap.
- 3. Remove the lower sliding pin bolt.



4. Hang the cylinder body with a wire, and remove the pads, pad retainers, shims and shim covers from the torque member.

CAUTION:

- Do not damage the piston boot.
- Keep the rotor clean away from brake fluid.



INSTALLATION

- 1. Apply grease to the back of the pad and both sides of the shim, and install the inner shim and inner shim cover to the inner pad, and outer shim and outer shim cover to the pad.
- 2. Apply grease to the pad contact surface on the pad retainer, and install the pad retainers and pads to the torque member.
- 3. Install the cylinder body to the torque member.

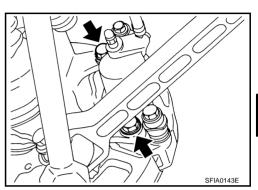
CAUTION:

When replacing the pads with new ones, press in the piston until the pads can be installed. In this case, carefully monitor the brake fluid level in the reservoir tank because the brake fluid will return to the reservoir tank of the master cylinder.

- 4. Insert the lower sliding pin bolt to tighten to the specified torque.
- Check the brake for drag.
- 6. Attach the tires to the vehicle.

Removal and Installation of Caliper Assembly REMOVAL

- Remove tire from vehicle.
- Connect a vinyl tube to the bleed valve.
- Drain brake fluid gradually from the bleed valve while depressing the brake pedal. Refer to BR-9, "Drain and Refill".
- 4. Remove the union bolts, and then remove the brake hose from the caliper assembly.
- Remove the mounting bolts from the torque member, and remove the caliper assembly from the vehicle.
- Remove the disc rotor.



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INSTALLATION

Install the disc rotor.

2. Install the caliper assembly to the vehicle, and tighten the mounting bolts to the specified torque.

Before installing the caliper assembly to the vehicle, wipe oil and grease on the washer seats on the axle assembly and mounting surface of the caliper assembly.

Install the brake hose to the caliper assembly and tighten the union bolts to the specified torque.

CAUTION:

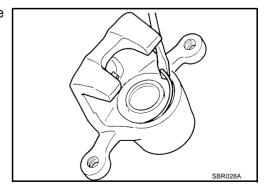
- Do not reuse the copper washer for union bolts.
- Assemble the brake hose securely to the protrusion on caliper assembly.
- 4. After installing the caliper assembly, refill with new brake fluid and bleed air. Refer to BR-9, "Bleeding Brake System".
- 5. Attach the tires to the vehicle.

Disassembly and Assembly of Caliper Assembly DISASSEMBLY

1. Remove the sliding pin bolts. Then remove the pads, shims, and shim covers from the caliper assembly, and remove the pad retainers from the cylinder body.

2. Remove the sliding pin and sliding pin boot from the torque member.

Using a flat-bladed screwdriver as shown in the figure, remove the retaining ring from the cylinder body.



Place a wooden block as shown in the figure, and blow air from the union bolt mounting hole to remove the pistons and piston boots.

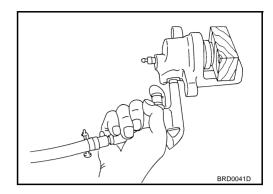
BR-31 Revision: 2004 October 2004 M45

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CAUTION:

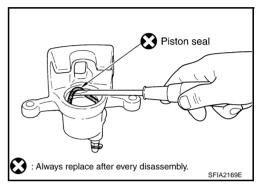
Do not get fingers caught in the piston.



5. Using a flat-bladed screwdriver, remove the piston seals from the cylinder body.

CAUTION:

Be careful not to damage the inner wall of the cylinder.



INSPECTION AFTER DISASSEMBLY

Cylinder Body

CAUTION:

Use new brake fluid to clean. Never use mineral oils such as gasoline or kerosene.

- Check the inner wall of the cylinder for corrosion, wear, and damage. If a malfunction is detected, replace
 the cylinder body.
- Minor flaws caused by corrosion or foreign material can be removed by polishing the surface with a fine sandpaper. Replace the cylinder body, if necessary.

Torque Member

Check for wear, cracks, and damage. If a malfunction is detected, replace the applicable part.

Piston

CAUTION:

The piston sliding surface is plated. Do not polish with sandpaper.

Check the piston surface for corrosion, wear, and damage. If a malfunction is detected, replace the applicable part.

Sliding Pin, Pin Bolt, and Pin Boot

Check the sliding pin and sliding pin boot for wear, damage, and cracks. If a malfunction is detected, replace the applicable part.

ASSEMBLY

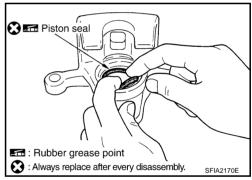
CAUTION:

Do not use Nissan Rubber Grease (KRE00 00010, KRE00 00010 01) when assembling.

1. Apply brake grease to the piston seals, and install them to the cylinder body.

CAUTION:

Do not reuse the piston seals.



Apply brake fluid to piston boots. Cover the piston end with the piston boot, and install the cylinder-side lip on the piston boots properly into the groove on the cylinder body.

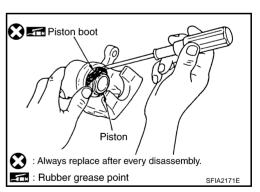
CAUTION:

Do not reuse the piston boot.

Press the piston into the cylinder body by hand to assemble the piston-side lip on the piston boot properly into the groove on the piston.

CAUTION:

Press the piston evenly and change the pressing point to prevent the inner wall of the cylinder from being rubbed.



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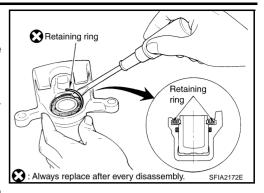
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4. Fix the piston boot with the retaining ring.

CAUTION:

- Make sure that the boot is securely engaged in the groove on the cylinder body.
- Do not reuse the retaining ring.
- Install the sliding pins and sliding pin boots to the torque member.
- 6. Install the pad retainers to the torque member.
- 7. After assembling the shims and shim covers to the pads, assemble it to the torque member.
- 8. Install the cylinder body, and tighten the sliding pin bolts to the specified torque.



DISC ROTOR INSPECTION

Visual Inspection

Check the surface of the disc rotor for uneven wear, cracks, and serious damage. If a malfunction is detected, replace the applicable part.

Runout Inspection

- 1. Using wheel nuts, fix the disc rotor to the wheels hub. (2 or more positions)
- Using a dial indicator, check the runout.

Measurement point:

At a point 10 mm (0.39 in) from the outer edge of the disc

Maximum runout:

0.10 mm (0.0039 in) or less

CAUTION:

Before measuring, make sure that the axle end play is 0 mm (0 in).

3. If the runout is outside the limit, find the minimum runout point by shifting the mounting positions of the disc rotor and wheel hub by one hole.

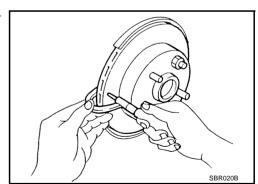


Using a micrometer, check the thickness of the disc rotor. If the thickness is outside the standard, replace the disc rotor.

Standard thickness : 16.0 mm (0.63 in) Wear limit : 14.0 mm (0.55 in)

Maximum uneven wear (measured at 8 positions):

0.015 mm (0.0006 in) or less



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BRA0013D

Brake Burnishing Procedure

Burnish the brake contact surfaces according to the following procedure after refinishing or replacing drums or rotors, after replacing pads or linings, or if a soft pedal occurs at very low mileage.

CAUTION:

Only perform this procedure under safe road and traffic conditions. Use extreme caution.

- 1. Drive the vehicle on a straight smooth road at 50 km/h (31 MPH).
- 2. Use medium brake pedal/foot effort to bring the vehicle to a complete stop from 50 km/h (31 MPH). Adjust brake pedal/foot pressure such that vehicle stopping time equals 3 to 5 seconds.
- 3. To cool the brake system, drive the vehicle at 50 km/h (31 MPH) for 1 minute without stopping.
- 4. Repeat steps 1 to 3, 10 times or more to complete the burnishing procedure.

SERVICE DATA AND SPECIFICATIONS (SDS)

SERVICE DATA AND SPECIFICATIONS (SDS) PFP:00030 Α **General Specifications** AFS000KP Unit: mm (in) CLZ31VA Brake model В Cylinder bore diameter $45.0(1.77) \times 2$ Front brake Pad $127.0 \times 56.0 \times 10.0 (5.00 \times 2.20 \times 0.394)$ Length × width × thickness Rotor outer diameter × thickness $290 \times 28 (11.42 \times 1.10)$ Brake model AD14VD Cylinder bore diameter 43.86 (1.727) Rear brake $97.4 \times 33.9 \times 9.8 \ (3.835 \times 1.335 \times 0.386)$ Length × width × thickness F Rotor outer diameter × thickness $292 \times 16 (11.50 \times 0.63)$ Master cylinder Cylinder bore diameter 25.4 (1) Control valve Valve model Electric brake force distribution BR Booster model R215T Brake booster Primary 230 (9.06) Diaphragm diameter Secondary 205 (8.07) Recommended brake fluid DOT 3 **Brake Pedal** Н AESOOOKO 3 - 11 mm (0.12 - 0.43 in) Free play (at pedal top surface) Brake pedal height (from dash lower panel top surface) 174 - 184 mm (6.85 - 7.24 in) Depressed pedal height under force of 490 N (50 kg, 110 lb) 90 mm (3.54 in) or more (from dash panel top surface) Clearance between the stopper rubber and the threaded end 0.74 - 1.96 mm (0.0291 - 0.0772 in) of the stop lamp switch/Brake switch/ASCD cancel switch **Check Valve** AFS000KR Vacuum leakage Within 1.3 kPa (10 mmHg, 0.39 inHg) of vacuum for 15 seconds (at vacuum of -66.7 kPa (-500 mmHg, -19.69 inHg) **Brake Booster** AESOOOKS Vacuum Type Vacuum leakage Within 3.3 kPa (25 mmHg, 0.98 inHg) of vacuum for 15 seconds [at vacuum of -66.7 kPa (-500 mmHg, -19.69 inHg)] Input rod installation standard dimension 125 mm (4.92 in) Front Disc Brake AFS000KT

Brake model		CLZ31VA				
Proko pod	Standard thickness (new)	10 mm (0.394 in)				
Brake pad	Repair limit thickness	2.0 mm (0.079 in)				
	Standard thickness (new)	28.0 mm (1.102 in)				
Disc rotor	Repair limit thickness	26.0 mm (1.024 in)				
	Maximum runout	0.07 mm (0.0028 in) or less				

SERVICE DATA AND SPECIFICATIONS (SDS)

ear Disc Brake							
Brake model		AD14VD					
Drake and	Standard thickness (new)	9.8 mm (0.386 in)					
Brake pad	Repair limit thickness	2.0 mm (0.079 in)					
	Standard thickness (new)	16.0 mm (0.630 in)					
Disc rotor	Repair limit thickness	14.0 mm (0.551 in)					
	Maximum runout	0.10 mm (0.0039 in) or less					